Medical Assessment Letter

Da	te: Athlete's name:		
То	whom it may concern,		
Gu	hletes who sustain a suspected concussion should be managed according to the <i>Canadian ideline on Concussion in Sport</i> . Accordingly, I have personally completed a Medical Assessment this patient.		
Re	sults of Medical Assessment		
☐ This patient has not been diagnosed with a concussion and can resume full participation school, work, and sport activities without restriction.			
	This patient has not been diagnosed with a concussion, but the assessment led to the following diagnosis and recommendations:		
	This patient has been diagnosed with a concussion.		
	The goal of concussion management is to allow complete recovery of the patient's concussion by promoting a safe and gradual return to school, work and sport activities. The patient has been instructed to avoid activities that could potentially place them at risk of another concussion or head injury until they have been provided with a <i>Medical Clearance Letter</i> from a medical doctor or nurse practitioner in accordance with the <i>Canadian Guideline on Concussion in Sport</i> .		
Otl	her comments:		
	ank-you very much in advance for your understanding.		
Yo	urs Sincerely,		
Sig app	gnature / print M.D. / N.P. (circle propriate designation)*		
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*In rural, remote or northern regions, the Medical Assessment Letter may be completed by a nurse with pre-arranged access to a medical doctor or nurse practitioner. Forms completed by other licensed healthcare professionals should not otherwise be accepted.

We recommend that this document be provided to the athlete without charge.

Return-to-School Strategy

The *Return-to-School Strategy* should be used to help students make a gradual return to school activities. Progression through the steps will look different for each student. It is common for symptoms to worsen **mildly and briefly** with activity. If the student's symptoms worsen more than this, pause and adapt activities as needed.

Step		Description	Goal of each step
1	Activities of daily living and relative rest (first 24- 48 hours)	Typical activities at home (e.g. preparing meals, social interactions, light walking). Minimize screen time.	Gradual reintroduction of typical activities
2	School activities with encouragement to return to school (as tolerated)	Homework, reading or other light cognitive activities at school or home. Take breaks and adapt activities as needed. Gradually resume screen time, as tolerated.	Increase tolerance to cognitive work and connect socially with peers
3	Part-time or full days at school with accommodations	Gradually reintroduce schoolwork. Part-time school days with access to breaks and other accommodations may be required. Gradually reduce accommodations related to the concussion and increase workload.	Increase academic activities
4	Return to school full-time	Return to full days at school and academic activities, without accommodations related to the concussion.	Return to full academic activities

Return-to-Sport Strategy

The Return-to-Sport Strategy should be used to help the athlete to make a gradual return to sport activities. The athlete should spend a minimum of 24 hours at each step before progressing to the next. It is common for symptoms to worsen **mildly and briefly** with activity and this is acceptable through steps 1 to 3. If the athlete's symptoms worsen more than this, they should stop the activity and try resuming the next day at the same step. It is important that athletes return to full-time school activities, if applicable, and provide their coach with a Medical Clearance Letter before progressing to step 4.

Step	Activity	Description	Goal of each step		
1	Activities of daily living	Typical activities at home (e.g. preparing	Gradual reintroduction of		
	and relative rest (first 24-	meals, social interactions, light walking).	typical activities.		
	48 hours)	Minimize screen time.			
2	2A: Light effort aerobic	Walking or stationary cycling at slow to	Increase heart rate.		
	exercise	medium pace. May begin light resistance			
	2B: Moderate effort	training. Gradually increase intensity of			
	aerobic exercise	aerobic activities, such as stationary			
		cycling and walking at a brisk pace.			
3	Individual sport-specific	Add sport-specific activities (e.g.,	Increase the intensity of		
	activities, without risk of	running, changing direction, individual	aerobic activities and		
	inadvertent head impact	drills). Perform activities individually and	introduce low-risk sport-		
		under supervision.	specific movements.		
	Medical clearance				
4		Exercises with no body contact at high	Resume usual intensity of		
	and activities	intensity. More challenging drills and	exercise, co-ordination and		
		activities (e.g., passing drills, multi-athlete	activity-related cognitive		
		training and practices).	skills.		
5	Return to all non-	Progress to higher-risk activities including			
	competitive activities, full-	typical training activities, full-contact	a risk of falling or body		
	contact practice and	sport practices and physical education	contact, restore confidence		
	physical education	class activities. Do not participate in	and assess functional skills by		
	activities	competitive gameplay.	coaching staff.		
6	Return to sport	Unrestricted sport and physical activity			

Tables adapted from: Patricios, Schneider et al., 2023; Reed, Zemek et al., 2023